

Fourth Semester MCA Degree Examination, June/July 2015

Analysis & Design of Algorithms

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1.
 - a. With the help of a flow chart, explain the various steps of algorithm design and analysis process. (08 Marks)
 - b. If $f_1(n) \in O(g_1(n))$ and $f_2(n) \in O(g_2(n))$, prove that $f_1(n) + f_2(n) \in O(\max\{g_1(n), g_2(n)\})$. (04 Marks)
 - c. Explain asymptotic notations with graph and example for each. (08 Marks)
2.
 - a. Solve the recurrence relation for $M(n)$, where $M(n)$ denotes the number of moves in Tower of Hanoi puzzle for 'n' disks. (05 Marks)
 - b. Write an algorithm for selection sort. Obtain an expression for $C(n)$ where $C(n)$ denotes the number of times the algorithm's basic operation is executed. (08 Marks)
 - c. Write Brute force string matching algorithm. Apply this algorithm to search the pattern "HIM" in the text "NOBODY-NOTICED-HIM". What is the worst case efficiency of an algorithm? (07 Marks)
3.
 - a. Apply Quicksort algorithm to sort the string "ALGORITHMS". Draw the tree of recursive calls for the given string. (07 Marks)
 - b. Write the algorithm for Binary Search. Prove that its efficiency is $\log_2 n$ in average case. (07 Marks)
 - c. Discuss Strassen's matrix multiplication algorithm. (06 Marks)
4.
 - a. Write similarities and dissimilarities between depth first search and breadth first search. (04 Marks)
 - b. Write depth first search algorithm. Apply this algorithm for the following graph with C as a source node. (10 Marks)

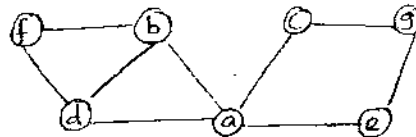


Fig. Q4 (b)

- c. Explain how topological sorting algorithm is different from other sorting algorithms. Apply topological sorting algorithm for the following graph and write the sorted list of vertices. (06 Marks)

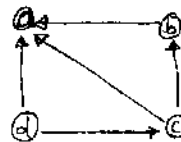


Fig. Q4 (c)

5.
 - a. Write sorting by counting algorithm. Apply this algorithm to sort the list 62, 31, 84, 96, 19, 47, what the count array stores? (10 Marks)
 - b. Discuss Horspool's string matching algorithm. Apply this to find the pattern "BARBER" in the text "JIM-SAW-ME-IN-A-BARBER-SHOP". (10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 6 a. What is dynamic programming? Find transitive closure of a given digraph using Warshall's algorithm. (05 Marks)

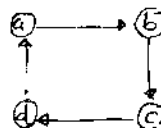


Fig. Q6 (a)

- b. Write Floyd's algorithm. Apply this algorithm to find all pairs shortest path for the given digraph. (08 Marks)

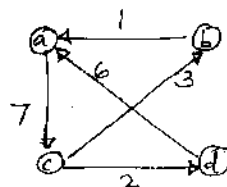


Fig. Q6 (b)

- c. Using dynamic programming solve the following Knapsack instance.

$$N = 4, M = 4 \quad (\omega_1, \omega_2, \omega_3, \omega_4) = (2, 1, 3, 2)$$

$$(P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4) = (12, 10, 20, 15)$$

(07 Marks)

- 7 a. Write Prim's algorithm. Apply this algorithm to find minimum cost spanning tree of a given graph. (08 Marks)

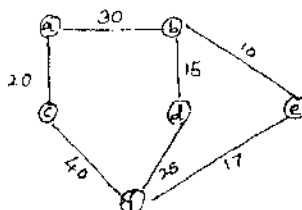


Fig. Q7 (a)

- b. Apply Dijkstra's algorithm to find single source shortest path assuming vertex 'a' as a source node. (06 Marks)

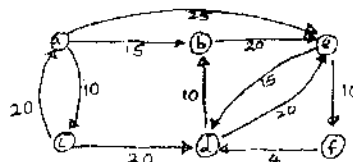


Fig. Q7 (b)

- c. Define the following: i) Minimum cost spanning tree ii) Feasible solution iii) Optimal solution. (06 Marks)

- 8 a. Explain P, NP and NP complete problems with an example. (06 Marks)

- b. Using Backtracking, solve subset sum problem for the following instance $n = 5, d = 9$, set $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 8\}$ (07 Marks)

- c. Draw state space tree of branch-and-bound technique to find optimal tour for travelling sales person for the given graph. (07 Marks)

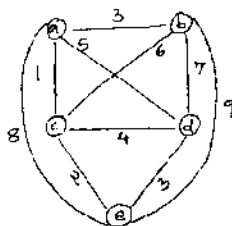


Fig. Q8 (c)
